

NOTES ON WILD
LIFE IN HONGKONG
AND SOUTH CHINA
By CHAS. HAY, O. A.
HUNTER, M.A.
To be had at the
"CHINA MAIL" Office.
Part I and Part II
Price \$1.00

The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

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No. 16,231.

號七十月五年五十百九千壹

HONGKONG, MONDAY, MAY 17, 1915.

卯乙亥年四國民華中

PRIME, \$3.00 Per Month

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Wine & Spirit Merchants
ESTABLISHED 74 YEARS
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W. & A. GILBEY'S
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THE "ORINA MAIL"

NOTICE.

Communications relating to news should be addressed to THE EDITOR.
Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with any communication addressed to the Editor, not necessarily for publication but as evidence of good faith.
All matter for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

Letters relating to business should be addressed to THE MANAGER.
Rate of subscription to "China Mail" is \$34 per annum; per quarter and per month "pro-rata".
The "China Mail" is delivered free to subscribers in Hongkong and Kowloon.

Postage is charged at the rate of fifty cents per month.
Orders for extra copies of the "China Mail" should be sent as soon as possible as the supply is limited. Cash 10 cts. Credit 15 cts. per copy.

Rate of subscription to the "Overland China Mail" is \$12 per annum; postage \$1 per annum extra. Single copies twenty cents each.

Alterations and additions to advertisements on pages 2, 3, 4, and 7 should be sent to the Office, No. 5, Wyndham Street, not later than 11.30 a.m.

Alterations and additions to advertisements on pages 1, 4, 5 and 8 should be sent to the Office, not later than 1 p.m.

New advertisements should be sent in before 2 p.m.

Advertisements and subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

Telegraphic Address: "Mail" Hongkong. Code: A.B.C. 5th Edition.

Telephone No. 22

THE CHINA MAIL, LIMITED

GERMAN LOSSES IN OFFICERS.

Three-Fifths Killed; Wounded or Missing.

PARIS, April 6.

The following official statement is issued here—

The total of the figures given by the different casualty lists published up to the present by the German General Staff makes it possible to calculate how the German Officers' Corps has suffered since the beginning of the war.

The results are summarised in the table given below. The figures of the casualties on a peace footing include active officers, reserve officers, and landwehr officers. The figures of the losses have been brought up to March 15, but it must also be noted that certain number of officers killed, wounded, or missing, before that date, do not yet appear in the published lists.

EFFECTIVE.		LOSSES.	
Peace	Wounded	Peace	Total.
General...	481	57	43
Infantry...	33,154	18,149	8,604
Cavalry...	7,063	981	268
Artillery...	12,103	2,264	912
Totals...	52,800	21,351	9,926
Total peace effective...			52,800
Total losses...			31,276
Balance left...			21,524

The total German losses of officers thus considerably exceeds half their effective force.

The Man Who Gets There

Is the man who has blood—
real rich red blood and
plenty of it—in his body.
**WATERBURY'S
METABOLIZED
COD LIVER OIL
COMPOUND**
makes blood—lots of it—life
giving, brain nourishing,
strength replenishing blood.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

Prices: \$1.25 and \$2.25

BUSINESS NOTICES.

STEAM OR MOTOR VESSELS
Forgings and Castings
at Lowest Rates.
PUMPS INJECTORS AND SUNDRIES

W. S. BAILEY & Co., Ltd.
ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC
CO. LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
the TWENTY-FIFTH ORDINARY
GENERAL MEETING of the SHARE-
HOLDERS will be held at the Company's
Office, 22nd May, 1915, at 12 o'clock
Noon for the purpose of presenting the
Report of the Directors together with a
Statement of Accounts to 28th February,
1915, and electing Directors and Auditors.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Com-
pany will be CLOSED from the 8th May
to the 22nd May both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
Agents.
Hongkong, May 4, 1915. 404

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY,
LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the
ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL
MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS of the
above Company will be held at the
HONGKONG HOTEL, Hongkong, on TUES-
DAY, 22nd May, 1915, at Noon for the
purpose of receiving the Report of the
Directors together with a Statement of
Accounts for the year ending 30th April,
1915.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Com-
pany will be CLOSED from the 20th
instant to the 27th instant, both days
inclusive.
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.
Hongkong, May 14, 1915. 413

THE "STAR" FERRY CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the
SEVENTEENTH ORDINARY
ANNUAL MEETING of this Company
will be held at the Office of Messrs.
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., on
THURSDAY, the 27th May, at 12.30 p.m.
for the purpose of receiving the Report of
the Directors together with a statement of
Accounts to 30th April, 1915.
The REGISTER of SHARES of the
Company will be CLOSED from SATUR-
DAY, 22nd, to THURSDAY, 27th instant,
inclusive.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
W. S. BROWN,
Secretary.
Hongkong, May 15, 1915. 437

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE
INSURANCE CO.

IN WHICH ARE VESTED THE SHARES OF
THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LTD.,

and
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS
ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1913,
£23,622,185.
I—Authorized Capital £5,000,000
Subscribed Capital £4,500,000
Paid-up Capital £2,437,500
II—Funds... 3,899,114
III—Life & Annuity Funds... 16,184,571
Sinking Fund Account... 88,613
£23,561,268

Revenue Fire Branch... 2,567,158
Life and Annuity Branches... 1,973,269
Revenue Marine Department... 282,692
Other Receipts... 430,193
£23,561,268

The Accumulative Funds of the various
Branches are separately invested, and, by
Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet
the claims under the respective Depart-
ments of the Company's Business.
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
Agents.

SIEN TING.
Surgeon Dentist
[No. 14, D'AGUIAR STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE
Consultation.

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE cannot be
beaten. H. Egan. For Bread
Cakes, Confectionery, Meals with Wines &
Liquors.

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KINGSCLERE HOTEL,
HONGKONG.

UNRIVALLED position in the
district, overlooking the Harbour,
Gardens and Facing the Harbour.
Numerous quiet Suites with luxuriously
fitted Bathrooms. Telephone and Electric
Fans.
Telephones in Bedrooms and Sitting-rooms
throughout.
Telephone No. 1122.
Cable Address: "Kingsclere."
A.B.C. Code 5th Ed.
Hongkong, September 1, 1905. 1308

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location.
All Electric Tram Pass Entrance.
Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting.
European Baths and Sanitary Fixtures.
Hot and Cold Water System throughout.
Best of Food and Service.

Telephone 373.
Telegraphic Address: "Victoria."
"VICTORIA" FRANK L. COOKE,
Manager.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY,
LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
3.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS.

8.50 p.m. and 9 p.m. 2.30 p.m. to 11.04
p.m. every half hour.
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of
an hour.

SUNDAYS.

7.45 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
12.00 Noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
8.00 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
9.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS on Week Days.

SATURDAYS.

Extra Car at 12 midnight.
SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the
Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDING,
Des Voeux Road Central.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON
General Managers.

PATELL & CO.

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Commission Agents.

HONGKONG, CANTON,
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HANKOW.

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1880.

IRON STEEL METAL AND HARD
WARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale
and Retail Ironmongers, Pig Iron and
Foundry Coke Importers. General Store-
keepers and Shipchangers Nos. 55 and
57, Hing Loong Street, (2nd Street, west of
Central Market) Telephone No. 615.
Hongkong, September 4, 1911.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

**THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD AND
ENGINEERING CO. OF
HONGKONG, LTD.**
TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG.

SHIPBUILDERS, SAVERS and REPAIRERS, BOILERMAKERS, FORGE-
MASTERS, BRASS and IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL,
ELECTRICAL and MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.
WELDING and CUTTING OF METALS BY OXY-ACETYLENE
AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS.
Estimated given for quick construction and repair of Ships, Engines, Boilers, Railway
Rolling Stock, bridges, and all Classes of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.

GRAVING DOCK 187' x 83' x 34'
Pumps supply Dock 187' x 34' hours.

SHEDS PATENT SLIPWAYS, taking vessels up to 3,000 tons displacement,
providing conditions for painting ships with most efficient results.

100-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES
throughout the Shops ranging up to 100 Tons.
30-Ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINE for Chains, Wire Ropes, Rivets, etc.

AGENTS FOR—

JOHN I. THORNTON & CO., LTD.

PETROL and KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 7-1/2 to 150 H.P.
As supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office.

MOTOR VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUNBOATS,
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MOTOR PUMPING and LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR VEHICLES, ETC.

Delivered Manager can be seen between the hours of 11 a.m. and 12 noon at the
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Telegraphic Address: "TAIKOODOCK." Telephone No. 212.

The Best Meals in Hongkong

Either light or substantial

Available only at the

ALEXANDRA CAFE.

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Baguio, P.I.
5,000 Feet Above Sea Level—Mean Temperature, 65°
The Coming Health Resort of the Far East
Eight Hours From Manila, Fall or Auto
Bracing Climate in the Pine Country of Northern Luzon

The "BAGUIO" is renowned for location, cuisine, homelike atmosphere and
modern up-to-date features.

-P-6 Up, Daily. -P-35.00 Up, Weekly

Special Rates For Prolonged Stays

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THE HONGKONG HOTEL

GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART,
MANAGER.

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ADMIRABLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.

Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.

A FIRST CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS' HOTEL.

Telephones in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' Rooms,
Roof Garden.

Terms.—From 25 per day Max.

Telegraph Add: "Peakful."

R. O. PEUSTER,
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GRAND HOTEL

A FIRST CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE HOTEL, most central location within
the vicinity of all the principal Banks.

Exceed for the Best Food, Refreshments, Accommodation and Cleanliness. Cuisine
under European Supervision. A First Class string Orchestra renders selections from
6.30 p.m. to 11.30 p.m.

Special monthly terms for residents and for Shipping particulars only—
For further particulars apply—

Telephone 197

Telegraphic Address: "DOOMFORT."

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GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD
Portland Cement

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

Shewan, Tomes & Co.

GENERAL MANAGERS

**A PREVENTIVE OF MALARIA
MOSCATINE.**

THE INFALLIBLE INSECT REPELLER.

Price 50 cts. \$1.00 and \$2.50 Per Bottle.

Prepared only by

THE VICTORIA DISPENSARY.
32, Queen's Road Central.

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.

Established 1883

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE Manila ROPE

STRAID CIRCUMFERENCE. CABLE LAY CIRCUMFERENCE. 3 STRAND CIRCUMFERENCE.

Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.

Prices, Samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to

Shewan Tomes & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, April 11, 1912.

617

"MUMEYA"

"While-you-wait" Photography

JUST ARRIVED FROM JAPAN A FULLY QUALIFIED ARTIST WITH
APPARATUS AND MATERIALS WHICH CAN FINISH
IN AN HOUR.

PRIME 2.00 per 3 pcs for Post Card

No. 24 Queen's Road Central

TELE. No. 254.

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THE KWONG HIP LONG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED)

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON
FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have
over thirty years' experience. We own two Slipways and can accommodate any order
of 200 feet long.

Town Office, 48, CONRAD ROAD CENTRAL, H. K. Telephone No. 459.
Shipyard, Sham Shui Po, Kowloon, Hongkong. Telephone No. 8.
Estimates furnished on application.

Hongkong, April 1, 1912.

WONG PING WA, Manager.

Bournville

The "COCOA de Luxe"

HIGHEST GRADE

BRITISH MADE

"BOURNVILLE COCOA represents the
highest grade of nutritive cocoa at present on
the market; it fully maintains its high reputa-
tion in food value and delicacy of flavour, and
is second to none in any respect whatsoever."
Medical Magazine, March, 1912

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CHOCOLATES**

In Tins and Fancy Boxes

Specially Packed for Export

FROM "THE FACTORY IN A GARDEN," BOURNVILLE, ENG.

Hongkong, May 22, 1912.

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G. FALCONER & CO., LTD.,

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

DIAMOND BRACELETS, RINGS, BROOCHES,
SILVER CUPS, TEA SETS, CIGARETTE CASES
etc., etc.,

AGENTS FOR
BENSON'S ENGLISH MADE WATCHES.
HOTEL MANSIONS: OPPOSITE GENERAL POST OFFICE.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE
ENGLISH TAILORS
IN THE COLONY.

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No. 1, WYNDHAM ST.
(Phone 1002)
ESTABLISHED 1860

THE KAILAN MINING
ADMINISTRATION.

KAIPING COAL

Now well-known throughout the East for
STEAM RAISING, FORGING, STEEL MAKING, SHIPS' BUNKERS AND
HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

KAIPING COKE

Competes with the best quality English Coke for
FOUNDRY, SMELTING AND HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

FIREBRICKS
FIRECLAY,
STOCKS ALWAYS ON HAND.

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THE CHINA MAIL, LTD

UNDERTAKES
ALL SORTS OF ARTISTIC JOB-PRINTING

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INVITATION CARDS, MENUS, DANCE AND ENTERTAINMENT
PROGRAMMES, CIRCULARS, PAMPHLETS, BOOKS, PROSPEC-
TUSES, WINE LISTS, ETC ETC ETC.

Obtain quotations from
THE CHINA MAIL OFFICE.
5 Wyndham Street

European & up revision Moderate Price

A Natural
Remedy

Time was when disease was thought to be due
to the direct influence of evil spirits, and exorcism
and magic were invoked to cast it out.

Science has taught us wisdom. The evil
spirits exist still. We call them "Disease
Germs," and they also must be cast out. Once
lodged in the stomach or intestines, fever with
its hallucinations, or biliousness with its aches
and pains, is the result.

ENO'S
FRUIT SALT

is the approved remedy for driving out disease
germs. Its action is quick and thorough. It
cleans the intestines, rouses the torpid liver to new
life, stimulates the mucous membrane to a healthy
action, and cleanses and invigorates the whole
digestive tract.

It may be safely taken at any time by young
or old.
It is very effective in the early stage of Diarrhea
by removing the irritating cause.
Be prepared for emergencies by always keeping
a bottle in the house.

Prepared only by:
O ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, ENGLAND.
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STORES EVERYWHERE.

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MITSU BISHI GOSHI KWAISHA
(MITSU BISHI CO.)

COAL DEPARTMENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF TAKA
SEMA, OCHI, MUTABE, YO-
SEINOTANI, KISHIDAKE, HOJO,
KANADA, NAKAMURA, SANO,
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Collieries.

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COALS.

HEAD OFFICE: TOKYO.

BRANCH OFFICES:-
Nagasaki, Moji, Karatsu,
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TEL. ADDRESS for above: 'IWASAKI'
Codes:—A1, ABC 5th Ed., Western Union.

AGENCIES:

CHINKIANG: Messrs Gearing &
Co.
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For particulars, apply to:
K. KATO,
Manager,
No. 2, PENNIE STREET,
HONGKONG. 816

CHEN KWONG & Co., Ltd.

GENERAL IMPORT &
EXPORT.

CANTON

LARGE WHOLESALE & RETAIL

STORE

FURNITURE, Draperies, Groceries,
Boat and Shoes.Makers of Jewellery, Lacquerware,
Crockery Ware.

Iron-mongery, Wine and Spirits.

Foreign clothes for gentlemen made to
order by our own tailors.Large assortment of Chinese Silks and
Foreign Goods of every description.

All goods sold at reasonable Prices.

The Cheapest and Best place in Canton &
Hongkong to buy Chinese and Foreign
Goods.SUP PAT POO STREET,
CANTONNos. 237, 239, Des Voeux Road
and No. 120, Canton Road Central.

Tel. No. 811. Hongkong.

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We are prepared to deliver our
MILK & BUTTER
to any address in the City, East and
West Point, Quarry Bay, Kowloon
and Canton.

TWICE DAILY

Orders for Milk and all Dairy
Products can be registered at our
Farm Office, at our branches at
the Peak, Quarry Bay, Kowloon
and Shanghai.

THE DAIRY FARM CO., LTD.

MARTIN'S

APOLI STEEL

PILLS

A French Remedy for all Liver Diseases.

Pills for the Liver, Gall, and Bile.

Pills for the Liver, Gall, and Bile.

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Pills for the Liver, Gall, and Bile.



E. RAY

THE OPEN GOLF

CHAMPION.

31, LOWER PARKWAY ROAD,
DUNDEE, WAVERLEY, N.B.

July 24th 1912.

Messrs. E. & J. Smith,

Dear Sirs,

I might say that I have
been a regular smoker of your
Glasgow Mixture for the
last twelve years, and I might
also say that I cannot find
any tobacco to suit me like it. In my opinion if Golf Players would
smoke your famous Glasgow Mixture they would find it very soothing
to the Nerves, as I am sure I do when having to play strenuous Golf
matches such as the Open Championship, etc. Yours truly, E. RAY.

SMITH'S
GLASGOW
MIXTURE
SOLD EVERYWHERE"WHEN THE GERMANS
CAME"

THROUGH A CHILD'S EYES.

Below is an account of what happened
"when the Germans came," told by a little
Belgian school-girl, named Trine, who
since last October has been a refugee in a
village not far from the beautiful old city
of Bath. Trine came from Termonde and
in a quaint mixture of French and English,
which cannot be imitated here, with ex-
pressive shrugs and gesticulations of her
small brown hands, she tells of the ex-
periences of her mother and little sister
and brother driven from their home to a
place of refuge on English soil.

"Ah, the war, the war! It began—the
day before our holidays. We were sent
home at once. One day, about a fortnight
afterwards, we heard the cannon. It was
a beautiful day, very hot. We were walking
at the time a little way from the town.
When we returned home we heard that the
Germans were in a place only four miles
away. And then my father said, 'That is
all right, but you must be here. You go
to school.' And you? 'My mother said,
'What of you?' 'I stay,' he said, 'I
must stay with my mother.'"

"She packed all the clothes in the
trunk. 'We go to school,' she said.
'And what then?' 'I don't know
what then,' my mother said, but she would
not go in. 'No matter,' said my mother,
you must put more clothes on—two frocks,
two coats, and your underclothes—we cannot
buy more values; there is no time.' I
looked very large and serious. I looked
at my mother and at the photographs from
the house, for she would not leave
these for the Germans to tear up. Besides,
they did not take much room, as we left
the frames behind. Then she said to the
woman who worked for us, 'Take all the
clothes in your trunk, and give it to the
woman who works for us, as you like.'
The woman cried, and begged my mother
not to go, for she did not believe the
Germans would really come to our
house."

HOW WE REACHED OSTEREND.

"We had to leave our dog behind, and
the cat, and the little bird. We asked
the woman to open the door and let the
bird fly away, for the poor little bird, it
would not like the Germans. Some of our
clothes we left too, hanging on a line in
the garden. The woman washed them,
saying, 'No, they will not come, though
my mother has said not to wash them.'"

The text, mourning my mother hurried
to a friend to persuade her to go with us to
Osterend; but she would not leave because
of her dog, so we never knew what happen-
ed to her. In the street my mother met
an officer that she knew. He told her to
leave as soon as possible. 'It would be
better,' he said, 'if every woman and child
would go. War is man's work, and we
cannot always do as well what we would if
there are women and children around; and
what has to be done is best done quickly.'
The morning we left Termonde at 12
o'clock."

The train to Osterend was very crowded.
At one of the stations the station-master
handed apples through the windows, for
a lot of the people were going to eat or
drink, and were so thirsty and tired.

"One man cried all the time, and when
my mother asked him what was the matter,
he told her that in the hurry of going away
he had left one of his little girls behind.
He was very young, and had many hangings.
We went to a house in Osterend. The
town was full, for every day people came.
Yet every day people seemed to go England.
We saw the English soldiers going to the
war, the airplanes, and the battleships.
Wounded Belgians were being taken to
the hospital. They looked very ill. Many
soldiers came to our house, English and
Belgian. They all looked tired and dirty.
The Belgians had been to the war. They
were all very hungry, they said, and some
were so tired that they could not go to
work. They had nothing to give them to eat. I put
out my mother. She said, 'Come in; but
you are late, and the meat is cold.'"

"They came in, one, two, three, many
others. My mother said to them, 'Too
thirsty? Too hot? A drink? And she went
upstairs and brought more and more.
For three days they had scarcely eaten; so
they said, 'How good this is!' And they
were away as if they would never tire. We
were all very sorry for them, even more
than for ourselves. Afterwards they slept,
and slept, some in this room, some in that,
on the couches, and in the big armchairs.
My mother said, 'Let them sleep; they
have been much, and have still much to do.'"

"One day we saw the most beautiful
flowers in the war came back, all de-
corated with flowers, for when they were
wounded they were in a great fire, and there
was not time to take the flowers away, so
they went to the war as to a battle of
flowers. There were 25 of them. When
they returned, the flowers were dead. And
the people saw them go they were
sorry, for they were so beautiful, and they

feared they would never come back; but
they did, and every one was full of soldiers,
very dirty, dirtier than any we had ever
seen. One officer had blood on his coat,
blood on his arm, everywhere blood; but he
looked very happy, and smiled, for he was
glad to be safe in his beautiful motor-car."

"TIME TO GO TO ENGLAND."

"Another day my mother was talking to
a gentleman on the promenade. She men-
tioned the name of my grandmother, who,
she thought, was in Brussels, and she knew
the Germans were there too. 'What did
you say my name was?' I said the gentle-
man, 'Vincent.' Why I know a lady of
that name. She often takes lunch at the
table next to mine. My mother wonder-
ed very much if it could really be my
grandmother; and as everyone walks on
the promenade, she told me to go there
and look, and look all the time. 'We did,
and there we found her,' so we called
Grandmother, grandmother, it is Trine and
Josephine. At first she did not under-
stand; but afterwards she said, 'What
you?'"

"She was very pleased. She told us it
was awful getting away from Brussels. For
two or three days the people had been
coming in from the villages around, with
their country carts full of bedding and pots
and pans. They had seen their homes
burnt and shelled by the Germans. When
she left her taxi at the station a man hired
it for 10 francs, to go only to Ghent.
The German mother said, 'We have seen
fallen did my mother say, 'It is time to go
to England.' She took tickets; but when
we crossed, the boat was very crowded, for
we missed the first boat that day, because
we had lost my brother. He would bring
his bicycle, and it was very difficult. How
he did it I do not know; but he would not
leave it at Osterend, after bringing it all the
way from Termonde."

"My father wrote to us a week since,
and he said in his letter, 'I have seen the
cannon. Nothing is left. All is finished,
except that in the hall the lamp still hangs
on that wall. It is strange that it escaped
the flames, but there it is. He says also
there are many little Belgian beggar
children, and sometimes he gives them a
france. He says he can't help giving to
them, though he is so poor himself now.'"
—Daily Chronicle (London).

A GERMAN LAMENT.

Rein's Refusal to Recognise Defeat.

"The war correspondent of the Lokal-
anzeiger is greatly impressed with the
elasticity," as he calls it, of the Rus-
sian Army, which makes it, notwith-
standing the severest defeats, ever ready
to undertake a new offensive movement.
Any other army in the world, he says,
after such a defeat as the one inflicted
upon the Russians in the winter battle
in the Mauer Lake district, would be
demoralised for a long time, but this is
not so with the Czar's army. A blow at
the Russian Army, he complains, had
the same effect as a similar blow
would have upon the armies of Western
Europe."

The correspondent goes on to lament
that the Russian Army is indifferent to
victory or defeat, but obediently marches
forward or retreats at the command of
its leaders. "It has been impossible
to demoralise the Russians, he argues; it
is therefore necessary to pursue and
annihilate them, unconditionally."

"If not wholly crushed and routed,"
concludes this correspondent, "Ger-
many's eastern foe a few days after the
last faces us again with a new organi-
sation of sorts."

The Lokalanzeiger says it burns from
Gumhausen that the Russian have been
driven back towards the hills of Bar-
manne and Topyrsk in the region north
of the River Pruth. The Austrians are
reported to have made a great number
of prisoners."

A telegram from Berlin stated that
owing to the presence of German war-
ships in the Baltic Sea the sailing of
merchant vessels from Finnish harbours
has been suspended."

ALWAYS RECOMMEND IT.

In almost every community there is some
one whose life has been saved by
Glasgow's Cough, Cholera and Diar-
rhea Remedy. Such persons seldom gain
an opportunity to recommend it, and these
recommendations are its never failing
qualities account for its great popularity.
For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

COMMERCIAL.

COTTON AND YARN.

Messrs. James F. Hutton and Co.,
Ltd., of Manchester, in their weekly
market report dated April 15th say:-
The Liverpool Cotton Market has
opened after the Easter holidays on Tues-
day in a very strong condition and values
have been further pushed up both there
and at New York since last week. Live-
pool Spot Mid American figures illustrate
the position. This in our last report
stood at 5.52—there was an advance of
10 points last Thursday, 3th, market
closed Friday to Tuesday, during which
time New York was however open and
gained further strength so that Live-
pool followed with a further 7 points ad-
vance on Tuesday, and 10 points yester-
day. The strength of Egyptian Cotton
has been even more pronounced—last
week Spot P.G.E. was quoted 7.53 it
gained 25 points on Thursday last and
a further 15 points on Tuesday."

"The persistence of the advance is sur-
prising and although a fair turnover in
the raw material is reported from Liver-
pool, it is generally felt that things have
been too rapid, especially as there seems
to be no real cause. We cannot expect a
normal trade and so far as Manches-
ter Piece Goods are concerned, business
is practically at a standstill. The mar-
kets abroad do not feel any confidence in
prices, and offers made during the week,
especially from India have been hope-
lessly cut, and not worth the expense
of telegraphing. Karachi and the up-
country markets have been attempting
business after having been quiet for
some weeks, and as during this time
values have advanced continually, the
present prices telegraphed out would not
do much to attract business. The increas-
ed prices are however very real, and will
be paid if business has to be done,
unless of course the cotton market runs
down as quickly as it has gone up, but
this we do not consider for the moment
it will do, at least not to any extent."

With regard to March exports, we
must await the Board of Trade figures
for full details but the figures available
at present show little increase on the
previous month. To Bombay the figures
are very low, but this can be explained
by the fact that some of the boats have
been taken by the Government, and there
were very few sailings. What should
have been March shipments are still at
the docks and some February shipments
as well and the shipping and railway
difficulty becomes more acute each
week."

BERLIN'S DAWN OF TRUTH.

"Tendency to Sobriety of
Judgment."

Some remarks by Herr Theodor Wolff in
the Berliner Freigedanke are symptomatic of
a tendency to sobriety of judgment which
is daily becoming more conspicuous in
Germany. Herr Wolff writes:
"Many erroneous estimates of things
have prevailed among numerous circles here,
who contented themselves with such war
cries as the 'British Mercenary Army' or
the 'rapidly exploding French plan' or
'Russian corruption.' As the only table
the tremendous difficulties which our troops
have overcome, and have still to overcome,
have thus often been estimated too lightly."
The writer further recommends the
attitude towards politics of Bismarck, who
held nothing in greater aversion than
"sentimental extravagance derived from
hatred or love, so severely clouding the
vision of what is necessary, attainable, and
desirable."

The writer also sets himself in opposition
to the Chauvinistic longings for territorial
expansion by quoting Bismarck's declara-
tion: "We do not require extension of
our immediate territory, and we cannot
have it without strengthening the cen-
trifugal elements of our own territory."

SIR JOHN FRENCH.

Another Interview.

In an interview granted to an American
journalist Sir John French stated that the
most crucial moment of the war for the
British occurred at Loos during the
Month of September. He added:—"The Ger-
mans' ambition was to annihilate us. That
might have been realised if our cavalry had
failed to cover the British flank. There
had been some tendency to exaggerate the
importance of artillery. As a matter of
fact, rifles and machine guns still decide
the day. The infantry still remains the
queen of battles. Without depreciating
the German's valour I might say that it
is no greater than that of other
soldiers. In many instances, in fact, the
Germans' conduct has been very bad.
Their conduct has varied, and it generally
depends upon the character of their com-
manders. The French army at the outset
laboured under the shadow of 1870, but
they have since learned."

Sir John French, referring to the phrase
"protracted war" used by him in a recent
interview, explains that the period of the
war will depend entirely upon the prices
of men and munitions. If these are un-
favourable the war will be protracted. He
said he would emphatically on the need for
munitions in the interview."

COUGHING INTO
CONSUMPTION

"Only a Cough" but you cough
while it is ONLY a cough.

WATERBURY'S
METABOLIZED
COD LIVER OIL
COMPOUND

The finest preparation made
for combating severe coughs.
CURES any cough that is
only a cough. Very palatable.
OF ALL CHEMISTS.
PACIFIC: \$1.25 and \$2.25.

INTIMATIONS

NOTICE.

MR. R. M. JOSEPH having resigned
his appointment with this Company
as from the 29th February, 1915, we
herewith give notice that his Power of
Attorney is withdrawn.
DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, May 12, 1915. 427

WHO'S WHO IN JAPAN.

EDITED AND PUBLISHED BY S. KURIHA.

The first (1913) edition is already issued.
Biographies of over 5,000 people
who are well-known in society and of
several hundred foreigners associated with
Japan appear in the book. Quips, new
materials and accurate sketches, both being
utterly free from prejudices.

Many portraits are inserted. The book
contains over 1,400 pages.

The price is yen 6 (12/-) or \$3 per copy.
Orders for the book should be accompanied
by payment.

Subscribers for the second annual edition
of 'Who's Who in Japan' will be allowed
a reduction of one yen.

The registered postage is 13 sen, to Korea
and China 40 sen and to Europe & America
70 sen or 35 cents.

It is a Good Adventure Medium.
Many influential papers of the world
noticed this work in the highest terms.

For example, The Daily Mail says:-
"Yet another 'Who's Who' and this
time from Japan! The reader is apt to
be surprised as a curiosity, as a sign
that the East has now become Western
practically almost to the last detail. But
'Who's Who in Japan' is far more than
a curiosity; it is a very sound and useful
reference book. It is printed in English
and contains brief biographies, on the
account of model of prominent men in Japan.
Mr. Kuriha is a skilful editor and has done
his work well."

Who's Who in Japan Publishing Office,
No. 5, Ichome, Uchisaiwaicho,
Kojimachi-ku, Tokyo.

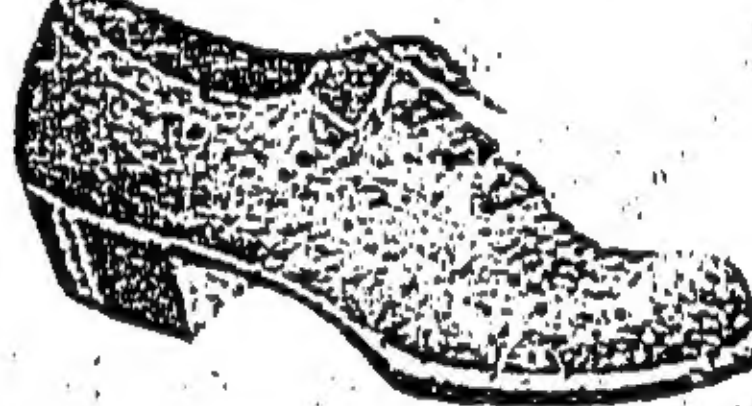
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Every kind of Footwear.

MADE

TO

ORDER



O'BERRY & CO.

FEDDER STREET,
Opposite Hongkong Hotel.
Telephone No. 491.
Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

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(PUBLISHED ANNUALLY.)

ENABLES traders throughout the World
to communicate direct with English
MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS
in each class of goods. Besides being a
complete commercial guide to London and
its suburbs, the Directory contains lists of
EXPORT MERCHANTS
with the Goods they ship, and the Colonial
and Foreign Markets they supply;
STEAMSHIP LINES
arranged under the Ports to which they sail
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NOTICE

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PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on

TUESDAY,
the 18th May, 1915, commencing at
10.00 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE, &c.,
As follows:—

One Drawing Room Suite, Sundry Bed-
room Furniture, Arm-chairs and Sofas,
Chests, Brass and Brass-mounted Bed-
steads, Sideboards, Dinner Waggon,
Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, &c.,
etc., Dinner and Dessert Services,
Crockery, Glass and E.P. Ware, Cooking
Stoves, Cutlery, &c., &c.

Two Blackwood Cabinets, 1 fine 4-fold
Blackwood Screen (Porcelain Panels) and
Blackwood Fire Screen, Stands, Teapots,
Sieves, etc., One Piano, American Safe,
&c., &c., &c.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, May 13, 1915. 432

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the Executors of the
late W.D. GRAHAM, to sell by Public
Auction,

on

TUESDAY,
the 18th May, 1915, at 3 p.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

One Canteen of Cutlery by
Mappin and Webb.

One Case Dessert Knives and Forks by
Mappin and Webb.

One Case Fish Knives and Forks by
Falconer, Hongkong.

A quantity of Electro-plated Ware,
Silver and Silver-mounted Goods,
Cut-glass Ware, &c., &c., &c.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, May 13, 1915. 431

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from M. D. DENTON, Esq.,
(Consul for Peru), to sell by Public
Auction,

on

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY,
the 26th and 27th May, 1915, commencing
each day at 2.30 p.m., at his Residence,
Windor Lodge, Austin Road,
Kowloon.

THE WHOLE OF HIS
VERY VALUABLE
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
therein contained.

Comprising:—
Upolstered Furniture, by Wm. Powell,
and Lina Crawford, (practically new),
Massive Blackwood and Cherrywood
Cabinets, Arm-chairs, Card Tables, Fire
Screens, &c., Reversible Turkish and
Axminster Carpets and Rugs, A quantity
of Chinese and Japanese Porcelain and
Bronzes, Curtains, Paintings, Pictures,
Solid Brass Fenders, Fire Brackets, &c.,
Handsome Dining Room Suite (Queen-
Anne design), Sundry Electro-plated Ware,
Large Dinner Service, Very Fine Japanese
Tea Service &c., Teakwood 12 room Suites
(Twin Bedsteads) New Hair and Wire
Mattresses, Toilet Sets, Linen &c., Bath-
room, Pantry, and Kitchen Requisites.

Also
"Singer" Hand Sewing Machine (practically
new) Large American Ice Chest,
Berkeley Filter, Rubber Tyred Ricksha in
very good condition, Sun Blinds and
Rattan Furniture.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)
On view from Monday the 24th May.
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, May 12, 1915. 425

GERMAN PLOT IN PERSIA.

TURKISH INVASION ENCOURAGED.

An Appeal to India.

The Secretary of State for India has
much commented on the Turkish
papers the following:—

Documentary evidence has reached
his Majesty's Government proving con-
clusively that German consular officers
in Persia and the agents of the German
Bank of Wismar have been engaged in
intrigues with the object of facilitating
the Turkish invasion of Persia and of
raising the tribes against Great Britain.
The Turkish invasion of Persia and of
raising the tribes against Great Britain.
For example, not only were the
agents of Messrs. Wismar at Ahwaz
and Midammarah found to be in direct
communication with Turkish troops, but
an elaborate plot has been discovered
which aims at the conquest of the
Indian Army are the objective. Herr
Wismar, who was formerly German
Consul at Bushire, and has recently
been appointed German Consul at
Shiraz (where Germany has no com-
mercial interest) and has not hitherto
had a Consul, was the prime mover in
this.

It is now known that he was at Cairo
shortly before the war, and in Consular
papers when war broke out. Accompanied
by four other Germans and four Indians
who were sent from Berlin to join him
at Constantinople, he made his way to
the Persian frontier, and thence to
Shiraz. Among his efforts was a box
containing several thousand violently in-
flammatory pamphlets in the English,
Urdu, Hindi, Punjabi and Sikh lan-
guages, addressed to the Indian Army,
calling on them to take the opportunity
to throw off the hated yoke and rise and
kill their oppressors. A long appeal to
bead, urging them to join in jihad.
This person is now at Shiraz awaiting
instructions from the German Legation
at Teheran.

Not less discreditable is a correspond-
ence which has come into our possession
between the German Legation and the
Consul at Bushire. Some time ago a
large consignment of arms and ammuni-
tion arrived at the port, and was hur-
riedly and secretly conveyed up-country
by the Swedish officers of gendarmarie.
The following telegrams were exchange-
d:—

From German Legation to German
Consul, Bushire:—

Thanks for news regarding arms.
Please henceforth do not manifest any
further interest. Weapons will be for-
warded away for our secret object.

From German Consul to German Legation
Teheran:—
Notice of this affair has remained in-
distant ago by Swedish officer. My pro-
position of this affair has remained in-
conspicuous throughout.

Light is thrown upon the "secret ob-
ject" by the following facts. The Ger-
man Consul had been in communication
with the Persian Sheikh Rais Ali of
Dilwar, a coast town some miles to the
south of Bushire, regarding a proposed
attack on the latter place which Rais
Ali was apparently anxious to begin at
once. The German Legation telegraphed
as follows on February 15th:—
Reference telegram No. 25, dated
Teheran, 1st instant, regarding indiscre-
pancy of immediate action by Rais Ali,
and the absolute fulfilment of independent
action. Please hold him well in hand,
and assure him confidentially of a move-
ment in the spring. If you really think
him reliable and consider that circum-
stances are ripe for action there would
be a good thing to make out a plan
secretly with him which would be com-
bined with an already arranged secret
action led from here, and would at the
same time win over all Persia? As soon
as possible I will let you know secretly
further on this matter.

AUCTIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION

THE Undersigned have received instruc-
tions to sell by Public Auction

on

FRIDAY,
the 21st May, 1915, commencing at
2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A QUANTITY OF

VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND

BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, &c., &c.,

As follows:—

TEAKWOOD.—Drawing Room Suite,
Chesterfield Sofa and Chairs (new),
Bedroom Suite, Dining Room Furni-
ture, Arm-chairs and Sofas, Toilet Tables,
Wardrobes, Washstands, &c., Sideboards,
Dinner Waggon, Extension Dining Tables
and Chairs, &c., &c.

BLACKWOOD.—Cabinets, Chairs,
Flower Stands, Brackets, Marble-top
Tables, Card Tables, Stools, Photo Frame,
&c., &c.

Also

Brass and Brass-mounted Bedsteads,
Dinner and Dessert Services, Cutlery,
Cooking Stoves, Carpets and Rugs,
Kitchen Utensils, Fenders and Fire
Brackets, Glass and E.P. Ware, Electric
Reading Lamps, &c., &c.

Catalogue will be issued.

Terms:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, May 8, 1915. 417

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE WAR.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 5.)

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE TSINGTAU OPERATIONS.

BRITISH DECORATIONS FOR JAPANESE COMMANDERS.

LONDON, May 15.
The *Gazette* announces that the Grand Cross of the Order of St. Michael and St. George has been conferred on Lieut.-General Kamio and Vice-Admiral Kato, who were in command of the operations at Tsingtau.

BRITISH STEAMER COLLIDES WITH A GERMAN SUBMARINE.

LONDON, May 15, 3.35 p.m.
The steamer *Collatinus* has arrived at Blyth and reports that she collided with a German submarine in the North Sea at the spot where two trawlers had been torpedoed the same day. The crew felt the shock, which was followed by the appearance of oil on the surface of the sea, and they are convinced that the submarine was sunk.

ITALY STILL UNDECIDED ABOUT THE WAR.

LONDON, May 14.
A message from Milan states that a huge crowd made a demonstration in favour of war. The processionists, however, were stopped by the troops who thereupon accorded an ovation, the demonstrators also giving cheers for Trentino and Trieste.

A body of neutralists stoned the demonstrators and fired at them with revolvers. Those attacked immediately charged the neutralists and put them to flight. A passer-by was killed in the mêlée and numbers were wounded.

CAUSE OF THE CABINET CRISIS.

Denunciation of the Triple Alliance.

LONDON, May 15, 11.40 a.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Rome telegraphs that a sensational revelation states that Italy denounced the Triple Alliance a week ago, but this did not cause Austria to yield and further, thereby leading to the Italian Cabinet crisis.

Reuter's correspondent reports that Mr. Salandra, Prime Minister and Minister for the Interior, issued an important circular to-day instructing the Prefects, if necessary, to hand over the public services charged with the responsibility of maintaining public order to the military, and sternly emphasising the determination to maintain order and respect towards foreigners.

THE FUTILE GERMAN "BLOCKADE."

BRITISH TRADE SHOWS RECORD IMPORTS.

LONDON, May 13, 1.15 p.m.
The foreign trade of the United Kingdom has shown remarkable elasticity since the opening of the German submarine campaign. In both March and April the value of the goods imported reached higher totals than have ever been recorded for these months.

In April the imports amounted to £7,368,000, the exports of British produce to £3,170,000, and re-exports to £9,967,000. Compared with January, in spite of the interruption caused by the Easter holidays, imports were greater by £5,000,000, exports by nearly £4,000,000, and re-exports by £3,000,000. Food imports were well maintained, the total weight of grain and flour being 1,000,000 hundredweight more than a year ago. Considerable increases were shown among raw materials in timber, cotton, wool and petroleum; and among manufactured articles, in those of copper and tin, and in machine-tools and leather.

The tonnage of shipping entered with cargoes in foreign trade in January and February was 5.1 million, and in March and April 5.7 million.

(Through Reuter's Agency.)

ONLY SIX VESSELS SUNK.

The Press Bureau reports that 1,427 steamers have arrived and departed during the week. Six were sunk.

AMERICA'S ATTITUDE.

PRESIDENT DETERMINED TO RE-ESTABLISH INTERNATIONAL LAW.

LONDON, May 15.
Reuter's New York correspondent telegraphs that the American Note, which was almost unanimously approved, affirmed that America awaits determinedly and without passion Germany's reply to her protest with regard to the sinking of the *Lusitania*. The President is absolutely determined to re-establish international law on the High Seas, and the choice of peace or war rests with Germany.

DEMONSTRATIONS ALL OVER ITALY.

LONDON, May 15, 1.20 p.m.

Great pro-war demonstrations have taken place all over Italy. Mr. Salandra, driving in Rome, received ovations from civilians and soldiers, and the well-known Reichstag deputy Erzberger was mobbed in the streets. The latest telegrams state that it was Mr. Giolitti's manoeuvres that caused the crisis and put the country in an upheaval by his denunciation of the Triple Alliance, which is considered to be a step towards war.

It is being generally asked what Giolitti will do to help solve the situation.

It is reported that the King has refused to accept the resignation of Mr. Salandra.

THE LANCASHIRE LABOUR TROUBLE.

Amicable Settlement Expected.

LONDON, May 15, 5.50 p.m.
The demand for a war bonus has been made by the card-roomers engaged in coarse counts, which are largely required for Government purposes. The Master Spinners have met and decided to refuse the application. There will be a joint conference of masters and operatives on Monday, however, when an amicable settlement is expected to be arrived at.

ANOTHER GERMAN ATROCITY ATTEMPTED.

Bombs Thrown at a Dutch Trawler.

LONDON, May 15, 3.35 p.m.
A message from Ymuiden states that a Taube aeroplane dropped three bombs, which missed a trawler flying the Dutch flag. The outrage was witnessed by other trawlers.

ELECTRIC BATTLESHIP.

AMERICA'S LATEST NAVAL WONDER.

The Sup.-C. Calhoun, at California.

The United States battleship *Calhoun* will be driven by electric motors. This is the exact truth, and yet, if unqualified, it is likely to be misunderstood. The *Calhoun* will have to take on coal like any other battleship. The coal will be fed to boilers by grime stokers and burned to turn water into steam. This steam will propel the ship, but not directly. The turbines through which it forces its way will drive huge electric generators, and the current thus produced will be fed to the vessel's stern, where it will turn the propellers by means of enormous electric motors. The function of the electricity, therefore, is that of short-distance power transmission, and its advantage will be that it does away with the huge and costly steel shafting. Says Walden Fawcett, writing in the *Technical World Magazine* (Chicago):—

The first and only electric battleship will be added to the United States Navy within two years. The *Super-Dreadnought*, *Calhoun*, which will be constructed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard at a cost of about seven million dollars, has been chosen as the exponent of this radical and significant innovation in marine engineering practice. The new battleship will derive her power for propulsion from turbo-generators of exactly the same type that have long been in successful use on shore.

A DREAM REALISED.

For years past inventors and electricians have cherished the dream of an electric battleship in the full sense of the term. Gradually our modern warships have been electrified until it seemed as though any of them might merit the title of an electrical craft. Practice has progressed until every task aboard ship, from pumping potatoes to turning the monster gun turrets, is performed by electricity. However, there was the one and only remaining task of driving the armoured hull through the water that electrical enthusiasts longed to see accomplished by the magic current, but the working out of this idea presented apparently insurmountable difficulties. Some time was lost in the solution of the problem, for a number of electrical engineers projected on the theory that because conditions afloat are so different from those ashore it would, perhaps, be necessary to devise apparatus wholly distinctive.

That the United States is to have the world's pioneer electrical super-dreadnought, and to have it by means of electrical energy-producers of the regulation, simple dependable form, is directly due to the success which has attended the operation of the new collier *Jupiter*—the first electrically operated naval vessel. With the example of the *Jupiter* before them, the engineers of the Navy have voted in favour of pinning faith solely to electricity in the case of the giant *Calhoun*. With this electric battleship following closely upon the heels of the recently authorised battleships that are to be provided with oil-burning engines, it means that the records made by Uncle Sam's navies in the battleship line will be watched with particular interest by all maritime nations. The *Calhoun* will be required to make merely the same speed, twenty-two knots, that will be exacted of her sister ships, the *Mississippi* and the *Idaho*, but navy officials believe she will exceed this by a considerable margin.

LARGEST IN THE U.S. NAVY.

The *Calhoun* will rank as the largest battleship yet constructed for the United States Navy. She will be 624 feet in length, 97 feet breadth, 30 feet draft, and will have a displacement of 22,000 tons. Her efficiency as a fighting machine may be surmised from the fact that she will carry a main battery of twelve 14-inch guns and a torpedo defence battery, which is very important in view of the lessons of the present war, of twenty-two 6-inch rapid-fire guns.

In the electrical installation in the *Calhoun* there will be no direct-connected turbines, but instead the power will be transmitted to the propellers through deepspeed motors, a scheme which will obviate much of the strain upon the crank-shafts. The fact that the high-speed impulse turbine will always operate in the same direction—that is, will not be reversed—will tend to eliminate trouble with the sliding. Four screws will drive the *Calhoun*, and the electric power plant will consist of two separate and distinct installations, each furnishing power for two screws.

HOW "DIEHARD" FOUND "TRUE GREATNESS."

Heroes Inspiration From Bronia.

In the pocket-book of Private Jack Coates, of the 2nd Middlesex Regiment, the "Diehards," who were killed at Neuve Chapelle, the following final entry was written:—
"No man has come to true greatness who has not felt in some degree that his life belongs to his race, and that what God gives him He gives him for mankind. (Bronia.)"

Private Coates, who distinguished himself in the great battle, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Coates, of High-street, Sharncliffe, L.N., who have received a letter from Lieut. A. G. Coates, of his company, giving an account of his death. "During the assault on Neuve Chapelle I saw your son display great bravery in assisting Lieut. Coates, who was

The most famous "Walker" in the world is

JOHNNIE WALKER

—The "Walker" that has made a track round the globe.

JOHNNIE WALKER, "White" Label. Over 6 years old.

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To safeguard these ages our policy for the future is the policy of the past. First and foremost to see that the margin of stocks over sales is always large enough to maintain our unique quality.

Guaranteed same Quality throughout the World

To be obtained from:—

KAMP & CO. SHANGHAI.
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THE HANKOW DISPENSARY, LTD., HANKOW.
SIEMSEN & CO., CANTON & HONG KONG.

JOHN WALKER & SONS LTD.,
Scotch Whisky Distillers, KILMARNOCK, SCOTLAND.



TO LET

TO LET.

A HOUSE in Kowloon Terrace.
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, Dec. 3, 1914. 125

TO LET.

HOUSES in CLIFTON GARDENS, Conduit Road.
GODOWN'S New Praya, Kennedy Town.
GODOWN'S at Wanchai.
58, The Peak THE RETREAT.
21, WONGNEICHONG ROAD.
Apply to
HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, April 1, 1915. 940

QUEEN'S BUILDING.

TWO LARGE FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED ROOMS with verandah and view of Harbour. Gas-stove and Electric Fittings. Immediate possession.

Apply to—

NO. 7 UPPER MOSQUE TERRACE.

Hongkong, April 28, 1915. 391

TO LET.

NO. 2, QUEEN'S GARDENS, 1st April.

NO. 8, STEWART TERRACE, Peak 1st May; Furnished or unfurnished.

Apply to—

DENISON, RAM & GIBBS.

Hongkong, March 20, 1915. 211

TO LET.

HOUSES in "TORRIS BUILDINGS," "ROSE TERRACE" and "DURBAR," Kowloon.

Apply to:—

SPANISH DOMINICAN PROCUROTOR.

Hongkong, May 11, 1915. 337

OFFICES TO LET.

SECOND FLOOR, Powell's Building, 3 Airy Rooms, Lift, Light, Immediate Possession.

Apply to—

A. B. MOULDER & Co. Ltd.

Hongkong, May 12, 1915. 425

TO LET.

NO. 59, The Peak (5 Cameron Villas).

NO. 1 CAMERON VILLAS, No. 81 The Peak, furnished. (Immediate possession.)

"ROGATE" Austin Road, Kowloon.

"WOODBURY" No. 4 Hankow Road, Kowloon.

ROOMS suitable for Offices on the First Floor of No. 3, Duddell Street.

NO. 2 DES VEAUX VILLAS, 51 Peak (unfurnished).

NO. 3 DES VEAUX VILLAS, 52 Mount Kellett, The Peak. (Furnished or unfurnished.)

Rooms in "BEACONSFIELD," 55 ELGIN TERRACE.

"BISHOPS LODGE SOUTH" No. 11 The Peak, unfurnished 5 rooms.

"EGGESFORD" No. 124 The Peak, unfurnished (6 rooms) from 1st May, 1915.

"MEIRION" No. 6 The Peak, unfurnished (6 rooms).

3 ROOMS suitable for Office 1st Floor, Queen's Road Central.

"WESTWARD HO" Bonham Road.

NO. 23 BELLILUS TERRACE, with entrance on Conduit Road.

"NO. 27 BELLILUS TERRACE, with entrance on Conduit Road. In very good order.

Apply to

LINSTEAD & DAVIS.

Hongkong, May 10, 1915. 1027

ALEXANDRA CAFE.

SYSTEMS: Fresh, Fried or Stewed, Finesse Haddock, Kippers, &c.

CHINA MAIL

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE GREAT BATTLE OF YPRES.

EYE-WITNESS' NARRATIVE.

(Delivered by Transmission.)

The following is the conclusion of Eye-Witness' story of the great battle of Ypres, the first part of which we published on Friday:

In the meantime the Germans made another attack through the woods to the southwest of the Menin Road, and were also threatening our left north of Ypres with fresh masses of troops. Fighting of the most desperate nature ensued. The German infantry, coming again and again, gradually forced the British back, though only for a short distance. Despite repeated counter-attacks, the fight continued in the night time with ever increasing fury. It was impossible to say exactly when our line was broken at certain points, but it is certain that at one time the enemy poured through along the Pœl-Capelle road and even reached Wœlthje, where there was a considerable gap on our front, and Frezenberg. British counter-attacks were rapidly organised at both points, and the enemy were driven back to Frezenberg. There they stood firm and were reinforced, so we again attacked. British counter-attacks at one in the morning were more successful. We swept the Germans out of Wœlthje with the bayonet, leaving the village strewn with German dead, and pushing on, regained most of the ground to the northward.

Thus the fighting surged throughout the night. Around the scene of the conflict the sky was lit by the flashes of the guns, and the light of blazing villages and farms. Against a background of smoke loomed the crumbling ruins of Ypres, with its battered cathedral tower, and the spire of the Cloth Hall. At dawn on Sunday there was a short respite, during which we reorganised and consolidated our positions.

The climax of the battle came in the afternoon. The Germans, under cover of an intense bombardment, launched no fewer than five separate assaults eastward of the subject. To the north and north-eastward the attacks at the outset were not pressed so hard as they were southward of the Menin Road, where the fighting was the fiercest. Masses of infantry were hurled at the British positions in absolute desperation, to be repulsed with corresponding slaughter. At one point 500 Germans advanced from a wood, but not a single one of them escaped. An attempt was made by the enemy to storm the Chateau Rouge at 6.30 in the evening, but the Germans broke and retired under our shrapnel. Here they had to face the concentrated fire of guns, machine-guns, and rifles again and again in efforts to break through, and thus they incurred their heaviest losses.

The ground was literally heaped with German dead. The enemy were apparently unable to renew their efforts, and the fury of their offensive gradually slackened at dusk, passing to quietness at darkness. This was our most successful day in the Ypres region.

The next attack was defeated by a fusillade of rifles and machine-guns. On the third evening the fighting was more desperate. Many Germans dressed in kilts occupied a short length of trench, but they were utterly exhausted and were easily driven back. The enemy was now throwing incendiary shells on Ypres, and the town was blazing fiercely in several places. Last time Ypres was so bombarded it synchronised with the abandonment of the effort to capture the city.

A British aeroplane had marvellous success. He lost control of his machine and leaped the loop at a height of 6,000 feet, regained his seat, and landed safely. In all the ducks in the air the British are invariably successful.

Two deeds of tremendous heroism are reported. During the gas attack, a private worked a machine gun, moving down the enemy until he finally collapsed, choking and blinded by the gas, and died next day. A British machine gunner at Frezenberg used two German machine-guns against the enemy until he was overwhelmed by vast masses of Germans.

THE ATTACK AT STEENSTRAATE.

LONDON, May 17, 1.45 a.m.

The Paris evening *communiqué* says that the fourth German attack at Steenstraate in the afternoon was repulsed.

Accompanied describes the British success as a severe German defeat. There was serious hand to hand fighting north of Arras, in consequence of the French attacks which were aimed at the consolidation of the new front and the Germans were driven further back.

The Germans at Villers-Tourbe in Champagne on Saturday night exploded a mine behind the French first line. Eight German companies rushed to the attack and gained a footing, but after two counter-attacks with the bayonet and bombs we recovered the whole position and annihilated the Germans, over a thousand bodies being found in the trenches. Three hundred and seventy-seven prisoners, including twelve officers, were taken.

ITALY AND THE WAR.

THE KING DECLINES THE CABINET'S RESIGNATION.

LONDON, May 15.

Great pro-war demonstrations are wide-spread throughout Italy. Signor Salandra, while driving through Rome, met with ovations from civilians and soldiers.

The well-known Reichstag Deputy, Herr Erzberger, was mobbed in the streets.

Latest telegrams indicate that Signor Giolitti's manoeuvres caused the crisis and put the country in upheaval. The denunciation of the Triplets is a step towards war, and it is generally asked what Signor Giolitti will do to help solve the situation.

It is reported that the King has refused to accept the resignation of Signor Salandra.

PREPARATIONS PROCEEDING.

Military preparations, says a telegram from Rome of the 15th inst., are proceeding despite the crisis.

CABINET'S RESIGNATION REFUSED.

LONDON, May 16, 3 p.m.

A telegram from Rome states that the King has refused to accept Salandra's resignation. The entire Ministry, therefore, remains in office.

ENTHUSIASTIC SCENES IN ROME.

LONDON, May 17, 1.5 a.m.

A telegram from Rome states that crowds are continuously visiting Signor Salandra's house and ovating. There have also been enthusiastic scenes at the British Embassy.

WAR AGAINST AUSTRIA OR CIVIL WAR.

LONDON, May 16, 3.55 p.m.

Reuter's Paris correspondent states that telegrams from Rome say that the King has refused to accept Signor Salandra's resignation and that great popular rejoicings are taking place, the streets being beflagged.

The latest German opinion of the Italian crisis is that it is war against Austria or civil war.

TRIBUTE TO THE AUSTRALIAN TROOPS' HEROISM.

LONDON, May 17, 10.50 a.m.

Special correspondence, telegraphing from Athens, state that the heroism displayed by the Australian troops in the Dardanelles is unique in the history of modern war.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE ARRAS AND CARENCOY SUCCESSES.

LONDON, May 17.

A Paris official statement narrates of the Arras successes and the capture of Carency. Our attack, it states at the outset, was an absolute holiday owing to the magnificent power of our artillery. Preparation had been made for over 25,000 shells of all calibres. These were shivered on Carency for three hours, and new trench mortars were levelled on wire entanglements, along with tons of melinite. Then the French infantry, with incredible dash, carried three lines of trenches and entered Carency. All this despite the long stay of the Frenchmen in the trenches.

Everywhere the German defences, bristling to the utmost with scientific advantage, were taken. On the next two days the Frenchmen re-advanced this region, the infantrymen again reaching beyond the points indicated. Carency is now enclosed on two sides, but the wooded hill and quarry have been completely organised as a fort.

Assisted by artillery, the Germans on the Hill were crumpled up, but the quarry was a stiffer business. Nevertheless the men, were literally aflame with determination to conquer. The Germans after two hours surrendered.

The German officers complimented the French General on the mathematical accuracy of the gunnery and on the irresistible dash of the infantry.

The French captures at Arras amounted to 1000 prisoners, guns, howitzer and quick-firers and tons of ammunition.

HERR DERNBURG RECEIVES A HINT.

LONDON, May 16.

Herr Dernburg, the German special agent, is leaving the United States, apparently as the result of a hint from the State Department where some of his remarks are regarded as undermining the loyalty of German Americans.

APPEALS TO BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

LONDON, May 17, 10.50 a.m.

A Washington cable says that Herr Dernburg, who has been expelled from the United States, has asked for a safe conduct to Germany from Great Britain and France.

THE KING OF GREECE.

The condition of the King of Greece, who recently underwent an operation, has greatly improved.

VIOLENT GERMAN COUNTER-ATTACKS REPULSED.

LONDON, May 16.

A Paris *communiqué* states:—The Germans made three counter attacks at Steenstraate, the third at dawn being the most violent. All were repulsed with heavy losses.

We captured six machine guns and a mortar.

The British last night, northward of Labastee, captured several German trenches. Fierce fighting continues in the region of Notre Dame De Lorette. We progressed by the help of hand grenade fighting, and the enemy vainly attempted to re-take the houses at Neuville. They were also unable to take the trenches outside the village.

(British Foreign Office Telegram.)

THE SUBMARINE PIRACY.

A Week's Results.

LONDON, May 14.

During the week ending 12th May, 1,427 steamers arrived at and sailed from British ports. Six British steamers, including the Lusitania, were sunk by submarines. Two British fishing boats were also sunk.

(Havas Telegrams.)

PARIS, May 13.

We are continuing our success north of Arras. We conquered a vast quadrilateral at Notre Dame de Lorette and have taken the whole of Carency village which was very strongly fortified, making 1000 prisoners, including a colonel, a major, and thirty other officers. We forced the Germans back from Neuville of the road to Givenchy village.

M. Millard, the Minister for War, has congratulated General Joffre on the brilliant results in Picardy, in which he foresees the total failure of the Germans. In Savornik the chain of offensive was resumed by the Russians, who took numerous prisoners. The enemy left 5000 corpses in the Trans-Dniester region. Numerous prisoners have also been taken by the Russians, who on May 5 captured 6 guns, 8 machine guns, and 5,000 prisoners.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 3.)

TRIPLE MURDER CHARGE.

Extradition Proceedings.

The hearing was resumed before Mr. Wood this afternoon of the application of the Crown through Mr. Sharpe, K.C. (instructed by Mr. P. M. Hodgson, the Crown Solicitor) for the extradition to China on a requisition from the Chinese Government of Canton, of Hung Shu Sung, who is accused of three murders in the Wei Chow or Wei Xuan Yuen district about September last year.

Mr. G. K. Hall (Barton) opposed the extradition.

The examining solicitor continued the cross-examination of Chiu Bak, under which name, (which was not his real one, he said) he was still carrying on the business of an oil and beans dealer at Tai Mai Kai. The commercial guild, he said, was gone away with on the eighth or ninth moon of last year, which was after the robbery.

After a lengthy examination of the defendant by Mr. Hall Barton the hearing was adjourned until Monday next.

SHIP'S OFFICER'S DISMISSAL.

Chinese Shipping Co. Sued.

The action commenced in the Summary Court a fortnight ago by G. V. Ellis, master mariner, of the Sailing Home, against the Phoenix Shipping Company, 20, Des Voeux Road Central, was concluded before Mr. Justice Hazelard in the Summary Court this afternoon. The solicitors addressed his Lordship, who reserved judgment. The plaintiff claimed £247.50 for 23 days' salary and £225 damages for wrongful dismissal from defendant's service.

Solicitors: For plaintiff Mr. J. H. Gardner; for defendant, Mr. W. E. L. Shenton (Messrs. Dawson, Lockyer, Dracott and Harrison.)

FOR A LAME BACK.

WHEN you have pains or lameness in the back, the parts with Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice a day, soothing with the palm of the hand for five minutes at each application. Then dampen a piece of flannel slightly with this liniment and bind it on over the seat of pain. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

INDIANS' LETTERS.

Qualat Addresses From The Fighting Line.

In "Blackwood's Magazine," there is, under the title, "From an Indian Post Office in France," an amusing but sympathetic account of the difficulties Indian soldiers, now serving the Empire on the Continent, have in addressing letters to their relatives at home. The same difficulty applies to the folk in India, but, as the writer of the article says, it is all very well to laugh at their quaint effects.

"Which of us," he says, "could shape better, or as well, if we had to."

ENEMIES IN SHANGHAI.

Shortly after the outbreak of war an old China hand wrote to Shanghai expressing the hope that the good relations that had always subsisted between the people of various nationalities would be maintained. But such incidents as the sinking of the Falaba and of the Lusitania, not to mention any of the other barbarities practised by Germany, were bound to arouse the most pacific persons. Hence during the past two days we have heard of movements to ostracize Germans as a body, and numerous unpleasant happenings in public and semi-public places have taken place. Few persons who have resided in Shanghai for any length of time had not friends with whose nation his own country entered into war. Gradually the majority of such friendships, especially when they were not of very long standing, have been dropped. Germans have also been removed from the Municipal Council and Board of Directors. The feeling of the majority of the ratepayers was evidenced at the ratepayers' meeting, who go out of their way to make themselves obnoxious to fellow residents of other nationalities to remember this. We believe that no Briton should have business dealings with enemy subjects; nor do we see how it is possible for them to continue social intercourse so long as they are enemies. It must be remembered, however, that all Germans do not approve of Prussian methods of war, and it is incumbent upon Britons to exercise self-restraint, even in the face of the utmost provocation.

—N. C. Daily News.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

A PORTUGUESE UPRHEAVAL.

GRAVE EVENTS REPORTED.

LONDON, May 15.

Reuter's Madrid correspondent telegraphs that information received by the Ministry of the Interior, despite official reserve, indicates grave events in Portugal. Communications are reported to have been cut and revolts have broken out at Coimbra, Oporto, Santarem, and Lisbon.

It is believed that a Commune has been established at Lisbon, and it is reported that Sr. Afonso Costa, the former Premier, has been assassinated. All this is given under reserve.

Official dispatches from Lisbon state that the movement was led by the squadron in the Tagus which bombarded the city. Considerable damage was done and there were many casualties.

Private messages state that the Commander of the *Faca de Gama* has been murdered. The garrison at Lisbon is loyal to President Arraiza.

LONDON, May 16.

At 8.40 in the evening, says a telegram from Lisbon, the Revolutionary Committee issued a proclamation which exhorts the people to indulge in no reprisals.

REVOLT SUBDUED.

LONDON, May 16.

Another Madrid telegram states that at 11.40 in the evening a wireless message from Lisbon stated that the revolt had been subdued and that Captain Martin Silius had assumed command of the Republican troops.

It is rumoured that the Spanish warships *España* and *Colos Quindo* have been ordered to Lisbon. The leave of navy men has been suspended.

Two regiments have been sent to Salaje.

OBJECT OF THE REVOLT.

LONDON, May 16.

Two despatches from Lisbon, dated yesterday morning, states that the sole object of the revolt was to appoint a new Ministry to defend and consolidate the Republic. The Revolutionary Committee met on board the *Vasco da Gama* to select a Cabinet.

Senhor Joao Chagas will probably be elected Premier.

LANGKAT OUTPUT.

Messrs Benjamin and Potts, share and general brokers, report:

The following is the Langkat Daily Output for the week ending 15th May:—

May 9, ...	419 tons
" 10, ...	322 "
" 11, ...	322 "
" 12, ...	327 "
" 13, ...	328 "
" 14, ...	311 "
" 15, ...	316 "

SOAP FIRMS' TRADE MARK.

Perpetual Injunction Granted.

JAPANESE FIRM AS DEFENDANTS.

On behalf of Messrs William Gossage and Son, soap manufacturers, of Widnes, Lancashire, England, Mr. Eldon Potter applied to the Chief Justice (Sir William Ross Davies) this morning for an interim injunction made on January 5, restricting the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, of Japan and Hongkong, and their servants and agents from infringing trade marks used by plaintiffs by selling or advertising or offering for sale soap in packages or labels which were a colourable imitation of those used and registered by plaintiffs, to be made perpetual.

At the original hearing Mr. Potter said he was instructed that Mr. Jenkins, on behalf of defendants, was prepared to consent to an interim injunction being granted until the trial. He referred his Lordship to affidavits on the file, these including one by Mr. W. G. Humphreys of Messrs W. G. Humphreys and Co. plaintiffs' agents in Hongkong, who spoke of the alleged infringement. Counsel added that a certain brand of the plaintiffs' soap was sold in a wrapper bearing the Chinese characters for "Lung Fat Kam," by which name it was generally known to the Chinese, and defendants imported into this Colony soap in a wrapper bearing precisely the same characters; the packages in which it was contained being of somewhat similar colour and shape to that used by plaintiffs. These characters did not form part of Messrs Gossage's English trade mark, but were specially registered in Hongkong.

Mr. Jenkins then consented to an interim injunction against defendants.

Mr. Potter said his Lordship would remember that on January 5 the plaintiff was granted an interim injunction restraining the defendants from infringing the plaintiff's trade mark or passing off goods with a trade mark which was a colourable imitation of the plaintiff's trade mark. The defendants counsel said that he was not in a position to state his attitude his clients would take up, but he was instructed that now the defendants were prepared to consent to a perpetual injunction in the terms of the interim injunction as granted, and to pay the nominal sum of £100 as damages, which would be given to the Prince of Wales Fund. As a matter of fact the money had already been paid over.

Mr. F.O. Jenkins on behalf of the defendants consented to the order and desired to say what he had stated to his Lordship before that the defendants were simply the selling agents for the proprietors of the soap in Japan, and as soon as the facts were brought to their notice they did what they could to stop the sale of the soap and helped the plaintiffs in every way they could.

His Lordship made an order in the terms agreed upon, with costs to the plaintiff. Solicitors: For plaintiff, Messrs William and Grist; for defendants, Messrs Hastings and Hastings.

To-day's Advertisements

To-day's Advertisements

TO KEY.

A HACIENDA, E. No 74 Mount Kollatt Road.
Apply to: CHATER & MOORE,
5, Queen's Road Central.
Hongkong, May 17, 1915.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that SEALED TENDERS in duplicate which should be clearly marked "TENDER FOR LEASE OF PART OF OLD SUPREME COURT BUILDING," will be received at the Colonial Secretary's Office until Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of May, 1915, for the lease of certain rooms on the Ground and First Floor of Old Supreme Court Building from 1st June, 1915 to 31st December, 1916 subject to certain conditions which can be ascertained at the Office of the Director of Public Works.

Each tender must be accompanied by a receipt to the effect that the tenderer has deposited in the Colonial Treasury a sum of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500) as a pledge of the bona fides of his offer, which sum shall be forfeited to the Crown if the tenderer refuses to carry out his tender and comply with the above-mentioned condition should the tender be accepted.

Form of tender and further particulars can be obtained from the Office of the Director of Public Works.

The Government does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender.

W. CHATELAIN.

Director of Public Works.

Hongkong, May 17, 1915.

A GOOD RULE FOR THE HOME.

MAKE it a rule of your home to always have a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as a safeguard against bowel complaints. It always cures promptly and no household is safe without it. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

THEATRE ROYAL.

RETURN and FAREWELL VISIT

For 3 Nights Only

COMMENCING

THURSDAY, May 20th.

Mr. Henry Dales

PRESENTS

Mr. R. B. Salisbury's

Company

"THE QUANTS"

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

NIGHTLY

Prices \$3, 2 & 1.

Plans now at MOUTRIE'S.

Commence 9.15 p.m.

Hongkong, May 17, 1915.

(Continued on page 8.)

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SHIPPING

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF MAIL STEAMERS

MARSEILLES & LONDON.

TAKING PASSENGERS ALSO FOR COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, &c. THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED TO BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

Connecting Steamer	STEAMERS to	Leave	Leave	Connecting Steamer	Due at	Due at
YOKOHAMA	COLOMBO	SHANGHAI	HONGKONG	from COLOMBO	MANILA	London
				to MANILA and	if calling	
		about	about			
Apr. 28	SARDINIA	May 3	May 7	MALOJA	June 5	June 12
May 24	ORIENTAL	May 30	May 30	MALOJA	June 19	June 26
June 7	NUBIA	June 1	June 5	AMOLDAVIA	July 4	July 11
June 21	MALTA	June 14	June 18	EGYPT	July 13	July 25
	SARDINIA	June 28	July 2	MALOJA	Aug. 3	Aug. 10
	NUBIA	July 12	July 16	AMOLDAVIA	Aug. 15	Aug. 22
July 19	ORIENTAL	July 27	July 31	MALOJA	Aug. 28	Sept. 4
	MALTA	Aug. 9	Aug. 13	EGYPT	Sept. 11	Sept. 18
	SARDINIA	Aug. 23	Aug. 27	MOREA	Sept. 20	Oct. 2
	NUBIA	Sept. 6	Sept. 10	MALOJA	Oct. 9	Oct. 16

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

From Yokohama—*Yokohama Maru*, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

From London—*Yokohama Maru*, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
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Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

From London—*Yokohama Maru*, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
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POST OFFICE NOTICES.

Registered Letters to the Colonies, India, and the Ottoman Empire can be accepted for transmission.

The Service to Germany, Austria, and their Colonies, and to the Ottoman Empire are suspended.

Lawful Mails: Europe, Oriental, 1st May.

Mails will close for: **YOKOHAMA & HONGKONG** on Tuesday, 18th May.

SHANGHAI, NANTUNG CHINA & JAPAN via KOBE. For Kure Maru, at 10 a.m., on Tuesday, 18th May.

PRINCIPAL ISLANDS, AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, NEW ZEALAND & NEW GUINEA via HONOLULU. For Kure Maru, at 10 a.m., on Tuesday, 18th May.

PRINCIPAL ISLANDS, AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, NEW ZEALAND & NEW GUINEA via HONOLULU. For Kure Maru, at 10 a.m., on Tuesday, 18th May.

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PRINCIPAL ISLANDS, AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, NEW ZEALAND & NEW GUINEA via HONOLULU. For Kure Maru, at 10 a.m., on Tuesday, 18th May.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May 15.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 16.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 17.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 18.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 19.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 20.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 21.
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Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 22.
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May 23.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
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May 24.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 25.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 26.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 27.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 28.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 29.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 30.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 31.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 32.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 33.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 34.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
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May 35.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
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May 36.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 37.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

May 38.
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).
Yokohama Maru, 12th May, 11 a.m. (via Manila).

To-day's Advertisements.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM EUROPE, COLOMBO AND STRAITS.

The Company's Steamship, *KATORI MARU*, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their goods are being landed and placed at their disposal in the Godowns at Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be carried on unless instructions are given to the contrary before noon, To-Law.

Goods not cleared by the 24th May, will be subject to rent.

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Co's representatives at an appointed hour on TUESDAY and FRIDAY. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here after which date they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
 Agents.
 Hongkong, May 17, 1915.

HONGKONG UNIVERSITY UNION.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

Some interesting announcements were made at the annual general meeting of the University Union, held in the Great Hall of the University last Friday. H.E. the Governor and Chancellor is President of the Union and there are several well-known gentlemen as Vice-Presidents.

Mr. Fung Man Sui (Chairman of the Union) presided and after the usual formal business, announced that the President of the Union would furnish the names of the new Council members as the ballot papers had been duly counted. He next referred to the various activities of the Union during the past year and especially mentioned the successful issue of the University Magazine.

He also expressed the hope that something would be done to provide better accommodation for Union members in the University. He mentioned that the members of the Union had had the annual report in their hands for some days and he would be pleased to answer any questions concerning the work, athletic and social, of the Union. He then called upon the Hon. Treasurer to give some detailed account of the balance sheet.

Professor Middleton Smith (Hon. Treasurer) dealt with the various items in detail. He was pleased to say that they had completed the new recreation ground in the Poldhu Road, which was now a really fine ground. Although the Union, in common with the rest of the community, had suffered some inconvenience due to the war, as Indian troops had been quartered at the new ground, yet the Government had dealt very fairly with them. Of course there could be no question of compensation due to the loss of the use of the ground for a season, but the ground was being repaired and all damage made good at the Government's expense. Only yesterday their President (the Chancellor) had enquired as to its progress.

Professor Smith then referred to the urgent need of a suitable pavilion for the ground. He said that from time to time, visitors to the University, after admiring their fine buildings and equipment and after learning of their various branches of academic work, asked him "Suppose that some donor offered fifty or sixty thousand dollars to you for the University, how would you spend it?" Of course he was always tempted to speak of extension and monetary visions of new machinery and possible researches delighted him. But he always answered at once "On behalf of the Students' Union." Not only did they need the new pavilion complete, they also needed proper accommodation for indoor recreations and activities. He fully agreed with the Chairman as to the urgent necessity for proper reading and club rooms, where the students of the various faculties might fraternize. As treasurer he would do his utmost to persuade any friendly of the University how admirably such money would be invested. He would guarantee to all donors of such a building that they should have their names handed down to posterity by suitable notices in the buildings. He sincerely hoped that a great effort would be made to obtain the necessary money for such a building fund. A pavilion in the new ground would probably cost about \$5,000.

The Treasurer's report having been adopted, the following elections were announced:—Chairman Mr. Lo Hin Shing, Hon. Secretary Mr. John Moros, Hon. Treasurer Prof. C. A. Middleton Smith, M.Sc., Members of Council: Messrs. Cheung Tien Nam, Cheong Chee Hai, Fung Man Sui, Li King Hong, Li Tok Lun, Mok Hing, Tang Ying Lam, Wei Wing Hoi and Wong Siang Gie.

Mr. Lo Hin Shing, in thanking the members for the honour they had conferred upon him in electing him as Chairman, made a further appeal, on behalf of the Union, for the Pavilion and also that if their friends only understood the very great importance of the matter they would willingly help them.

COMPANY REPORT.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY.

Following is the report of the Directors.

Gentlemen.—The Directors now beg to submit to you, their report and statement of accounts for the year ending 30th April, 1915.

The net profit for the twelve months, after deducting Directors' fees and General Managers' remuneration and providing for losses on subsidiary and silver coin amounts to \$27,063.04. To which has to be added the balance brought forward from last account..... 2,242.10

Making available for appropriation..... \$29,305.04

The Directors recommend that a dividend at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum be paid to shareholders, amounting to \$1,000.00, that \$1,000.00 be transferred to reserve fund, and that the balance of \$28,305.04 be carried to a new profit and loss account. In accordance with Rule 73 of the Company's Articles of Association, Dr. J. W. Noble, Mr. J. Scott Harrison, Mr. G. S. Gubbay, Hon. Sir Paul Chater, C.B.E., and Hon. Mr. David Landale retire, but being eligible for re-election, are re-elected.

The accounts have been audited by Messrs. C. Bernard Brown and A. R. Lowe, who offer themselves for re-election.

HENRY HENDERSON, Chairman.
 Hongkong 13th May, 1915.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30th APRIL, 1915.

To Loss on subsidiary and silver coin.....	\$ 3,440.18
To Costs and Stores.....	12,027.79
To Charges.....	4,116.60
To Maintenance and Repairs.....	4,485.87
To Rates, Crown Rent and Fire Insurance.....	1,983.03
To Salaries and Wages.....	55,901.37
To Office Rent and Clerks' Salaries.....	6,000.00
To Remuneration to Directors.....	2,500.00
To Remuneration to General Managers 5 per cent. on gross earnings.....	4,715.41
To balance as per balance sheet.....	27,063.94
By Traffic Receipts.....	\$ 87,341.24
By Rents.....	341.82
By Interest Receivable.....	\$ 6,455.31
Less Interest Payable.....	2,099.92
Transfer Fees.....	4,425.39
	\$ 22,238.45

BALANCE SHEET AT 30th APRIL 1915.

Authorized Capital \$750,000 divided into 75,000 shares of \$10 each.....	\$ 750,000
Issued Capital 25,000 shares fully paid up.....	\$ 250,000
Issued Capital 20,000 shares \$1.00 paid up.....	\$ 200,000
Reserve Fund as per last Account Since added.....	44,000
Mortgage R. B. Lot 80.....	54,000.00
Unexpired Season Tickets.....	22,000.00
Unclaimed dividends.....	5,615.10
Unclaimed dividends.....	2,406.80
Sundry Creditors.....	9,696.77
Profits and Losses.....	
last year.....	2,242.10
Profit and Loss Account for the year.....	27,063.94
	\$ 29,305.04
	\$ 430,026.71

ASSETS.

Permanent Way and Construction.....	\$ 200,000.00
Old line.....	
Permanent Way new line as per last account.....	\$ 90,565.29
Less Transferred to Extension a/c.....	1,645.00
	29,915.29
Permanent Way Extension Account.....	2,560.00
Stations, Crown Lands and Buildings.....	
last year.....	\$ 23,981.23
Since written off.....	2,000.00
	21,981.23
Rolling Stock.....	27,504.28
Office Furniture.....	500.00
Costs and Stores on hand.....	1,307.20
Sundry Debtors.....	1,249.54
Mortgage on R.B. Lot 21.....	40,000.00
Cash in H. & S. Bank.....	888,948.81
Cash and Orders.....	
Orders in hand \$5,025.30.....	5,025.30
	\$ 430,026.71

DAVID LANDALE, } Directors.
 JOHN D. HUMPHREYS, }
 JOHN D. HUMPHREYS, General Manager.
 A. R. LOWE, }
 C. BERNARD BROWN, } Auditors.

HONGKONG, May 13th, 1915.

THE CHINA MAIL.

TYPHOON.

MAP and GUIDE.

Enables one to locate the centre of a Typhoon.

MOUNTED ON CARDBOARD AND TAPED FOR HANGING.

Price 40 Cents.

Typo set China Mail Office.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Corps Orders by Lieut.-Col. A. Chapman, V.D.

JOINED.
 Sapper D. G. Marshall joined the Corps on the 17th inst. and was posted to Engineer Company.

LEAVE.
 Leave of absence has been granted to Private E. Purves from 15.5.15 to 16.6.15 and Private F. G. Horridge from 15.5.15 to 15.7.15.

PARADES.
 Parade for Tuesday, 19th inst. 7.30 p.m. Centre Section M. G. Co., Company Drill at Skirmishing at Kowloon Dock. Launch, leaves Statue Pier at 4.30 p.m.

7.15 p.m. Civil Service Co.—Rifle exercises and Bayonet fighting at Headquarters.

7.30 p.m. Nos. 1 and 2 Sections Artillery Battery and Left Section M. G. Co. Ammunition and Drills. Exercises at Headquarters. Sergeant Bullock will attend. Light Section M. G. Co.—Trained men, section, recruits, Squad drill at Headquarters. Left Half Sports Co.—Squad drill and Rifle exercises at Headquarters.

SMOKING CONCERT, 22. 5. 15.
 Tickets of admission, price \$1.00 each, for members of the Corps and their friends, may be obtained (for cash only) from C. C. Companies or Sections, or from Sgt. Major Highy at Volunteer Headquarters, and after that date from the Hon. Major Highy at the Headquarters of the Hongkong Light Infantry will be admitted without tickets.

DETAILS.
 On duty at Headquarters and Kowloon: From 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. 17th inst. Right Half Sports Co. Officers on duty 2/Lieut. Murphy. Orderly Officer for week Lieut. Preston. Orderly Sergeant for week Corp. Carpenter.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER RESERVE.

Orders by Major Wakeman, O.C.H.K.V.R.

PARADES.
 Section 3 of A. Co., Section 2 of B. Co. and Sections 2, 3 and 4 of C. Co. will parade outside the Law Courts at 5.15 p.m. on Tuesday, May 18th, dress drill order. A. B. and C. Companies with the exception of Sections 1 and 2 of A. Co. will parade outside the Law Courts at 5.15 p.m. on Friday, May 21st, dress drill order. D. Co. will not parade this week.

Recruits will parade under Sgt. Major Bond on the Cricket ground at 5.15 p.m. on May 17th, 20th and 24th, dress drill order.

POLICE RESERVE ORDERS.

PARADES.
 May 17th and 18th, as ordered in issues of the Press on evening of the 16th, and morning of the 17th.

MUSKETRY MEETING, MAY 23RD AND 24TH.
 At Kowloon Old City Range, Launches will be run from Pottinger Street Wharf (straight down from the Central Police Station) by the Wing Shun Steam Launch Co. as set out below and at a return fare of 20 cents.

Members are warned that they will proceed to the Ranges in the following order:—

Class A.—Men who have had no musketry practice) will leave by launches at 8.45 a.m. sharp on Sunday, May 23rd, and commence firing at 10 a.m.

Class B.—(men who have had little or no experience of target practice) will leave by launches at 12.30 noon sharp, on Sunday, May 23rd, and will commence firing at 2.00 p.m.

Class C.—(men accustomed to target practice) will leave by launches at 9.00 a.m. on Monday, 24th, and will commence firing at 10.15 a.m. Class C includes the men competing for the E. H. Sharp Championship Truncheon.

Launches will return to Hongkong each day at 4.0 p.m. and 6.00 p.m.

Members must make their own provision as to food. Liquid refreshment will be obtainable on the Ranges.

Full details as to all arrangements for the Meeting are being handed to Sergeants and Corporals in charge of Platoons, by whom all their men will be duly warned. Leave to be absent from the Meeting must be obtained.

UNLESS OTHERWISE ORDERED, members of the British Company residing in Kowloon who have sent their names to Mr. A. H. Hewitt, will parade at 6.00 p.m. on Tuesday, and Thursday at the Water Police Station.

(Sd.) F. C. JENKIN,
 A. S. P. (Reserve).

HONGKONG TIDES.

The tide-table given below has been compiled at the Nautical Almanac Office in London from the result of the analysis of observations taken by means of an automatic tide-recording machine in the Water Police Basin at Tsim Sha Tsui during the years 1887 to 1914.

The zero of the table corresponds with the zero of the sounding in the Admiralty Chart, which has been found to be 4 feet 3 inches below mean sea level.

To obtain the depth of water on the tide gauge at the Victoria Naval Yard add 1 foot 4 inches, and on the gauge at Lamou Dock, Aberdeen, add 10 feet 6 inches to the height given in the table.